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WILLIAM H. BOLLMAN			TRAN, TUAN A	
MANELLI DE	NISON & SELTER PLLC			
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/761,774	CANNON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Tuan A. Tran	2682			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 October 2005</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-14 and 16-23 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 and 16-23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceed to the description of the control of	relection requirement. repted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 2682

4

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-14 and 16-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Croft et al. (6,490,439) in view of Gendel et al. (6,127,936).

Regarding claims 16 and 23, Croft discloses an apparatus for optimizing link quality of a wireless piconet device to a user comprising: means for firstly determining a digital link quality of a digital wireless connection to a short range network when detecting a Bluetooth piconet by receiving/responding to a valid inquiry signal (establishing a present in a piconet network); and means for providing a first indication of the digital link quality to the user (See figs. 8-11 and Abstract, col. 8 line 5 to col. 10 line 12). However, Croft does not mention means for only providing an indication of an amount of quality achieved above an acceptable level necessary for a valid reception, wherein the acceptable level is determined by comparing the digital link quality and a minimum digital link quality threshold and the amount of quality achieved above the acceptable level is determined by an amount the digital link quality exceeds the minimum digital link quality threshold. Gendel teaches an apparatus for providing an indication of an amount of quality achieved above an acceptable level, wherein the acceptable level

Art Unit: 2682

is determined by comparing the digital link quality and a minimum digital link quality threshold (minimum level for a valid reception, -95 dBm for example, as well as for activating the visual or audible indicator) and the amount of quality achieved above the acceptable level is determined by an amount the digital link quality exceeds the minimum digital link quality threshold (See fig. 1-3 and col. 4 line 54 to col. 7 line 4). Since both Croft and Gendel teach about apparatuses that are capable of providing visual indication that conveys information to a user such as signal quality; therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the Gendel's teachings in modifying the apparatus as disclosed by Croft by configuring the apparatus to provide the indication of the amount of quality achieved above the acceptable level to the user for the advantage of indicating a best reception location to the users so they can take further actions.

Claims 7 and 14 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 16 and 23, as method.

Claims 1 and 4 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 16 and 23.

Regarding claim 17, Croft & Gendel disclose as cited in claim 16. Croft further discloses the apparatus varies visual indication according to the received signal strength (See fig. 11 and col. 9 line 61 to col. 10 line 3), and the received signal strength varies dependent upon locations of the receiving wireless piconet device; therefore the apparatus inherently comprises means for allowing the user to physically move the

Art Unit: 2682

wireless piconet device; means for secondly determining the acceptable level of the at least one aspect of the digital link quality.

Claim 8 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 17, as method.

Regarding claims 18-19, Croft & Gendel disclose as cited in claim 16. Croft further discloses the apparatus comprises: a processor coupled to the transceiver, the processor adapted to vary the visual indication; and a memory unit coupled to the processor, the memory unit for storing instructions executed by the processor for varying the visual indication (See fig. 9 and col. 12 lines 28-35). Therefore the apparatus inherently comprises means for generating a Read_RSSI command or a Get_Link_Quality command (command for measuring the signal strength) as well as means for retrieving a link quality value returned in response to the command.

Claims 9-10 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 18-19, as method.

Regarding claim 20-21, Croft further discloses the wireless connection is a piconet connection or a scatternet connection (See fig. 8).

Claims 11-12 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 20-21, as method.

Regarding claim 2, Croft & Gendel disclose as cited in claim 1. Croft further discloses the piconet front end conforms to Bluetooth standards. (See figs. 8-9 and col. 8 line 5 to col. 9 line 2).

Regarding claim 5, Croft further discloses the visible user link quality indicator comprises an LED (See col. 10 lines 4-12).

Regarding claim 22, Croft & Gendel disclose as cited in claim 16. Gendel further discloses the indication can be audible (See fig. 2 and col. 6 lines 7-15).

Claims 13 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 22, as method.

Claim 3 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 22.

Regarding claim 6, Croft & Gendel disclose as cited in claim 4. However, Croft & Gendel do not mention that the visible variable user link quality indicator comprises a graphical display. Graphical display is common in the art, therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use graphical display for the advantage of expanding the capability of the system to various types of display.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/28/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Applicant argued that Croft conveys to a user a visual indication about a connection status not about a quality of a connection (See Remark, page 8). The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's argument because Croft clearly shows a visual indication that conveys a quality of connection to a user (See Croft, col. 9 line 61 to col. 10 12).

The Applicant argued that neither Croft nor Gendel disclose or suggest a system and method as recited by claims 1-14 and 16-23 (See Remark, page 9). The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's argument. In this instant case, the Croft

Art Unit: 2682

reference differs with the claim limitation by not disclosing means for only providing an indication of an amount of quality achieved above an acceptable level necessary for a valid reception, wherein the acceptable level is determined by comparing the digital link quality and a minimum digital link quality threshold and the amount of quality achieved above the acceptable level is determined by an amount the digital link quality exceeds the minimum digital link quality threshold. Since Gendel teaches an apparatus for providing an indication of the magnitude of a quality comprising means for providing an indication of an amount of quality achieved above an acceptable level, wherein the acceptable level is determined by comparing the digital link quality and a minimum digital link quality threshold (minimum level for a valid reception, -95 dBm for example, as well as for activating the visual or audible indicator), and the amount of quality achieved above the acceptable level is determined by an amount the digital link quality exceeds the minimum digital link quality threshold (See fig. 1-3 and col. 4 line 54 to col. 7 line 4); therefore, Croft in view of Gendel would perfectly arrive to the claim limitations. For that reasons, the Examiner remains the same rejections for all the pending claims.

Page 6

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan A. Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-7858. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 10:00AM-6:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Doris To can be reached on (571) 272-7629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan Tran

DORIS H. TO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER **TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600**